



**QUESTION BANK (DESCRIPTIVE)**

**Subject with Code:** CRYPTOGRAPHY & NETWORK SECURITY (23CS0525)

**Regulation:** R23

**Course & Branch:** B. Tech. - CSE & CSIT

**Year & Sem. :** III - II

**UNIT –I**  
**Computer and Network Security Concepts**

<b>1</b>	<b>a)</b>	Explain in detail about passive attacks with neat sketch.	<b>[L3, CO1]</b>	<b>5M</b>
	<b>b)</b>	Explain in detail about active attacks with neat sketch.	<b>[L3, CO1]</b>	<b>5M</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>a)</b>	List and Explain various Security Services	<b>[L2, CO2]</b>	<b>5M</b>
	<b>b)</b>	List and Explain various Security Mechanisms	<b>[L2, CO2]</b>	<b>5M</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>a)</b>	Explain the Caesar Cipher encryption technique with a suitable example	<b>[L2, CO1]</b>	<b>5M</b>
	<b>b)</b>	Define Mono-alphabetic Cipher, Polygram Substitution Cipher and explain its working principle with an example.	<b>[L2, CO1]</b>	<b>5M</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>a)</b>	Solve the playfair Using the keyword “MONARCHY”, construct the $5 \times 5$ Playfair Cipher key matrix and encrypt the plaintext “INSTRUMENTS”.	<b>[L4, CO1]</b>	<b>5M</b>
	<b>b)</b>	Explain the process of Steganography and differentiate it from Cryptography with suitable examples.	<b>[L2, CO3]</b>	<b>5M</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>a)</b>	Solve the plaintext “come Home Tomorrow” using the Rail Fence Cipher with a depth of 3. Show the step-by-step process of encryption and the resulting ciphertext.	<b>[L3, CO1]</b>	<b>5M</b>
	<b>b)</b>	Explain the working principle of the Simple Columnar Transposition Technique with an example	<b>[L2, CO3]</b>	<b>5M</b>
<b>6</b>		Describe the working of a Traditional Block Cipher Structure with Feistel Cipher Structure a neat block diagram	<b>[L3, CO2]</b>	<b>10M</b>
<b>7</b>		Explain the Data Encryption Standard by including the 16-round Feistel process.	<b>[L2, CO5]</b>	<b>10M</b>
<b>8</b>		Describe the internal structure of the Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) algorithm by explaining the key transformations	<b>[L2, CO1]</b>	<b>10M</b>
<b>9</b>		Explain the role of the various transformation functions used in AES encryption	<b>[L2, CO6]</b>	<b>10M</b>
<b>10</b>		Explain the Hill Cipher encryption technique and demonstrate the process of converting plaintext into ciphertext using matrix multiplication modulo 26. Provide a numerical example to illustrate the encryption steps	<b>[L3, CO6]</b>	<b>10M</b>

**UNIT -II**  
**Conventional Encryption**

<b>1</b>	<b>a)</b> Define Modular Arithmetic and give one simple example.	[L1,CO2]	[2M]
	<b>b)</b> What is the purpose of the Euclidean Algorithm in number theory?	[L1,CO2]	[2M]
	<b>c)</b> State Fermat's Little Theorem.	[L1,CO2]	[2M]
	<b>d)</b> What is the Discrete Logarithm Problem?	[L1,CO2]	[2M]
	<b>e)</b> Define a finite field GF(p).	[L1,CO2]	[2M]
<b>2</b>	<b>a)</b> Explain the Euclidean Algorithm with a suitable example.	[L3,CO2]	[5M]
	<b>b)</b> Distinguish between Euclidean Algorithm and Extended Euclidean Algorithm.	[L4,CO2]	[5M]
<b>3</b>	<b>a)</b> Describe Modular Arithmetic and its fundamental rules with examples.	[L2,CO2]	[5M]
	<b>b)</b> Explain the application of modular arithmetic in cryptography.	[L2,CO2]	[5M]
<b>4</b>	<b>a)</b> State and prove Fermat's Little Theorem.	[L2,CO2]	[5M]
	<b>b)</b> Demonstrate the use of Fermat's theorem with an example.	[L3,CO2]	[5M]
<b>5</b>	<b>a)</b> Explain Euler's Totient Function $\phi(n)$ and compute $\phi(21)$ .	[L5,CO2]	[5M]
	<b>b)</b> State Euler's Theorem and show how it is applied using a numeric example.	[L3,CO2]	[5M]
<b>6</b>	<b>a)</b> State and explain the Chinese Remainder Theorem.	[L2,CO2]	[5M]
	<b>b)</b> Solve the following using CRT: $x \equiv 2 \pmod{3}$ , $x \equiv 3 \pmod{5}$ , $x \equiv 2 \pmod{7}$ .	[L3,CO2]	[5M]
<b>7</b>	<b>a)</b> What is the Discrete Logarithm Problem? Explain why it is considered computationally hard.	[L2,CO2]	[5M]
	<b>b)</b> Discuss the importance of Diffie-Hellman with example	[L3,CO2]	[5M]
<b>8</b>	<b>a)</b> Explain the structure and properties of finite fields GF(p).	[L2,CO2]	[5M]
	<b>b)</b> Show how addition and multiplication are performed in GF(7) with an example.	[L3,CO2]	[5M]
<b>9</b>	<b>a)</b> Describe finite fields of the form GF( $2^n$ ).	[L2,CO2]	[5M]
	<b>b)</b> Demonstrate multiplication in GF( $2^n$ ) using polynomial representation.	[L3,CO2]	[5M]
<b>10.</b>	<b>a)</b> Discuss the role of number theory in cryptography.	[L2,CO2]	[5M]
	<b>b)</b> Compare prime fields and extension fields using examples.	[L4,CO2]	[5M]

**UNIT –III**  
**Cryptographic Hash Functions**

<b>1</b>		Explain the role of cryptographic hash functions in information security	[L2, CO3]	<b>10M</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>a)</b>	What are the key properties required for a secure cryptographic hash function?	[L2, CO3]	<b>5M</b>
	<b>b)</b>	How cryptographic hash functions are applied in digital signatures and block chain systems?	[L2, CO3]	<b>5M</b>
<b>3</b>		Explain the major applications of cryptographic hash functions with suitable examples.	[L2, CO3]	<b>10M</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>a)</b>	Explain the working of the Secure Hash Algorithm with a neat diagram.	[L3, CO3]	<b>5M</b>
	<b>b)</b>	Describe the applications of the Secure Hash Algorithm in information security.	[L2, CO3]	<b>5M</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>a)</b>	Explain the working of message authentication functions with a suitable example.	[L3, CO4]	<b>5M</b>
	<b>b)</b>	Describe different techniques used to achieve message authentication.	[L2, CO4]	<b>5M</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>a)</b>	Explain message authentication functions.	[L2, CO4]	<b>5M</b>
	<b>b)</b>	Explain the security issues and challenges in Public-Key Infrastructure.	[L2, CO4]	<b>5M</b>
<b>7</b>		Differentiate between HMAC and CMAC with suitable examples.	[L4, CO4]	<b>10M</b>
<b>8</b>		Explain digital signatures, their working principle, and applications	[L2, CO4]	<b>10M</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>a)</b>	Explain the working of the NIST Digital Signature Algorithm with a neat diagram.	[L3, CO4]	<b>5M</b>
	<b>b)</b>	Discuss the security properties of the Digital Signature Algorithm (DSA).	[L2, CO4]	<b>5M</b>
<b>10</b>		Discuss X.509 certificates in detail, including their format, version, and applications.	[L2, CO4]	<b>10M</b>

**UNIT -IV**  
**USER AUTHENTICATION**

<b>1</b>	<b>a)</b> List any two principles of remote user authentication.	[L1,CO5]	[2M]
	<b>b)</b> Define Kerberos? Mention its primary purpose.	[L1,CO5]	[2M]
	<b>c)</b> What does PGP stand for? State its key security features (any two).	[L1,CO5]	[2M]
	<b>d)</b> What is meant by combining Security Associations?	[L1,CO5]	[2M]
	<b>e)</b> Name the two phases of IKE.	[L1,CO5]	[2M]
<b>2</b>	Evaluate different remote authentication mechanisms (Password, Biometrics, Token-based, Multi-factor) based on security, usability, and deployment challenges.	[L3,CO5]	[10M]
<b>3</b>	List and explain the typical attacks remote authentication protocols must resist.	[L2,CO5]	[10M]
<b>4</b>	<b>a)</b> Illustrate how Kerberos authenticates a client to a service in a network domain.	[L3,CO5]	[5M]
	<b>b)</b> Analyze how Kerberos ensures security against eavesdropping and replay attacks.	[L4,CO5]	[5M]
<b>5</b>	<b>a)</b> Explain the complete architecture of PGP including key rings, packet flow, and trust model.	[L2,CO5]	[5M]
	<b>b)</b> Compare PGP and S/MIME on cryptographic approach, key management, trust model, and interoperability.	[L4,CO5]	[5M]
<b>6</b>	<b>a)</b> Design IPsec-based secure network architecture for enterprise communication.	[L3,CO5]	[5M]
	<b>b)</b> Evaluate advantages and limitations of IPsec in end-to-end security.	[L3,CO5]	[5M]
<b>7</b>	<b>a)</b> Explain IP Security Policy including SPD processing, selectors, and actions.	[L2,CO5]	[5M]
	<b>b)</b> Summarize the difference between ESP authentication and AH authentication.	[L4,CO5]	[5M]
<b>8</b>	<b>a)</b> Describe ESP packet format in detail and explain its security coverage.	[L2,CO5]	[5M]
	<b>b)</b> Evaluate the security impact of combining AH and ESP in different modes.	[L3,CO5]	[5M]
<b>9</b>	<b>a)</b> Describe why multiple SAs are needed for combining security services.	[L2,CO5]	[5M]
	<b>b)</b> Given a security requirement set, show how multiple SAs are combined to achieve it.	[L4,CO5]	[5M]
<b>10.</b>	How IKE Phase-1 and Phase-2 differ in goals, exchange methods, cryptographic operations, and outputs.	[L4,CO5]	[10M]

## UNIT -V

## Transport Level Security

<b>1</b>	<b>a)</b>	Explain the functions of Transport Layer Security.	[L2, CO6]	<b>5M</b>
	<b>b)</b>	List the security services provided by TLS.	[L2, CO6]	<b>5M</b>
<b>2</b>		Discuss web security requirements in detail and explain the threats addressed by each requirement.	[L2, CO6]	<b>10M</b>
<b>3</b>		Explain Transport Layer Security (TLS), its protocol components, and security services	[L2, CO6]	<b>10M</b>
<b>4</b>		Explain HTTPS and describe how it provides secure web communication	[L2, CO6]	<b>10M</b>
<b>5</b>		Explain the authentication and encryption mechanisms used in SSH.	[L2, CO6]	<b>10M</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>a)</b>	what is a firewall?	[L1, CO6]	<b>2M</b>
	<b>b)</b>	Describe the characteristics and functions of firewalls.	[L2, CO6]	<b>8M</b>
<b>7</b>		Explain in detail about different Types of Fire walls	[L2, CO6]	<b>10M</b>
<b>8</b>		How can firewall policies be set to allow or deny traffic?	[L2, CO6]	<b>10M</b>
<b>9</b>		What are the key parameters to consider when configuring a firewall?	[L2, CO6]	<b>10M</b>
<b>10</b>		Describe the steps to configure a firewall in a small office network.	[L2, CO6]	<b>10M</b>

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